

# DESIGN STANDARDS

Use 30 psl on two times the projected area of the exposed face with cylindrical surfaces taken at  $\frac{2}{3}$  the projected area.

1) Top-Section #5: 1"OD 1/4"x 3/8" bars @ 18 1/2" oc 3/8"x 3/8" X-bracing, 13 3/8" span

$$\text{Vertical: } 2 \times 12 \times \frac{2}{3} = 16.0 \square$$

$$\text{Horiz: } 1.25 \times 13.875 \times \frac{12}{18.5} = 11.2$$

$$\text{Bracing: } 2 \times .375 \times 23.1 \times \frac{12}{18.5} = 11.4$$

$$38.6 \times \frac{2 \times 30}{144} = \underline{16.1 \# / L.F.}$$

2) Next-Section #6: 1 1/4"OD 1/2"x 3/8" bars @ 18 1/2" oc 3/8"x 1/2" X-bracing, 18" span

$$\text{Vertical: } 2 \times 1.25 \times 12 \times \frac{2}{3} = 20.0 \square$$

$$\text{Horiz: } 1.5 \times 18.0 \times \frac{12}{18.5} = 17.5$$

$$\text{Bracing: } 2 \times 0.5 \times 25.7 \times \frac{12}{18.5} = 16.7$$

$$54.2 \times \frac{2 \times 30}{144} = \underline{22.6 \# / L.F.}$$

3) Next-Section #7: 1 1/4"OD 1/2"x 3/8" @ 18 1/2" oc 3/8"x 1/2" X-bracing, 22" span

$$\text{Vertical: } = 20.0 \square$$

$$\text{Horiz: } 1.5 \times 22 \times \frac{12}{18.5} = 21.4$$

$$\text{Bracing: } 2 \times 0.5 \times 28.7 \times \frac{12}{18.5} = 18.7$$

$$60.1 \times \frac{2 \times 30}{144} = \underline{25.0 \# / L.F.}$$

4) Next-Section #8: 1 1/4"OD 1/2"x 3/16" @ 18 1/2" oc 3/8"x 3/4" X-bracing, 26" span

$$\text{Vertical: } = 20.0 \square$$

$$\text{Horiz: } 1.5 \times 26 \times \frac{12}{18.5} = 25.3$$

$$\text{Bracing: } 2 \times 0.75 \times 32 \times \frac{12}{18.5} = 31.1$$

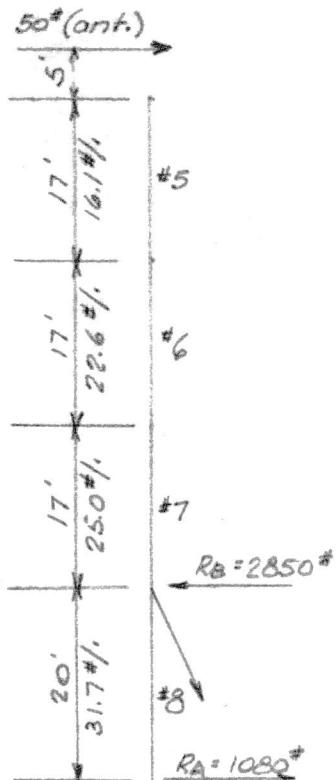
$$76.4 \times \frac{2 \times 30}{144} = \underline{31.7 \# / L.F.}$$

Dead Load of Tower = 1050 #

D.L. of Antenna = 200# @ 5'-0" max. above tower

Antenna Wind = 50 #

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$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma M_B &= 50(56) &= 2,800. \\ &16.1(17)(42.5) &= 11,700. \\ &22.6(17)(25.5) &= 9,800. \\ &25.0(17)(8.5) &= 3,600 \\ &31.7(20)(10) &= 27,900 \\ &&= 6,400 \\ &&= 21,500' \# = 20R_B; R_B = 1080' \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma M_A &= 50(76) &= 3,800. \\ &16.1(17)62.5 &= 17,100. \\ &22.6(17)45.5 &= 17,500. \\ &25.0(17)28.5 &= 12,100. \\ &31.7(20)10.0 &= 6,400. \\ &&= 56,900' \# = 20R_B; R_B = 2850' \end{aligned}$$

Check:  $634 + 63.7(17) + 50 + 1080 = 2850$   
 $2844 \approx 2850$  OK

$$H_{xB} = 1.155(2850) = 3290' \quad H_{yB} = .577(2850) = 1650'$$

Use an initial rod tension of 750#; Horiz. comp =  $750 \left( \frac{7.19}{20} \right) = 270'$   
 Assume 25% relief due to wind deflection.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Est. } H_{zB} &= 270 - 68 = 202' \\ H_{yB} &= 1650 + 202 = 1850' \\ H_{xB} &= 3290 + 202 = 3490' \end{aligned}$$

Check tower sections

In Section #8, below tripod connection

$$\text{Tripod vertical} = 5540 \times 2.78 = 15400'$$

$$\text{Axial load} = 900 + 200 + 60 + 15,400 = \frac{16560}{3} = 5520' / \text{leg}$$

Max M occurs in Section #8, 3'-0" below top:

$$M = 1080(17) + 31.7(17)8.5 = 23000' \#; V_c = \frac{23000 \times 12}{21.4} = 12900'$$

$$\text{Allow } F_A: \frac{L}{R} = \frac{20 \times 12}{10.1} = 23.8; F_A = 16.7 \text{ ksi}$$

$$f_a = \frac{5520}{.627 + .166} = 6970 \text{ psi} \quad f_b = \frac{12900}{.627 + .166} = 16300 \text{ psi}$$

$$\frac{6970}{16700} + \frac{16300}{20000} = 1.23 < 1.33 \text{ OK}$$

Use 7" φ x .065" x 8'-0" insert in top of section

In Section #7, at tripod connection  $M = 27900' \#$   $V_c = \frac{27900 \times 12}{17.91} = 18700'$

$$P = 900 + 200 + 60 = \frac{1160}{3} = 390' / \text{leg (negligible)}$$

$$f_b = \frac{18700}{.627 + .166} = 23,600 < 26,600 \text{ OK}$$

Use 7" φ x .065" x 8'-0" insert in bottom of section

In Section #6, at bottom:  $\Sigma M = 50(39) + 16.1(17)(25.5) + 22.6(7)8.5 = 12,200 \text{'}^{\#}$

$$V_c = \frac{12,200 \times 12}{14.5} = 10,100 \text{'}^{\#}; f_b = \frac{10,100}{.242 \times 1.91} = 23,300 < 26,600$$

Use 1"  $\phi$  x .065" x 10'-0" insert in bottom of section. Fasten tubes with  $\frac{5}{16}$ "  $\phi$  plug welds (Total 10)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{5}{16} \text{"} \phi \text{ plug welds: - In shear: } 2 \times .077 \times 13,600 \times 1.33 &= 2780 \text{'}^{\#}/\text{weld} \\ \text{In bearing: } 2 \times .313 \times .065 \times 26,600 &= 1080 \text{'}^{\#}/\text{weld} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{No. of welds req'd} = \frac{10,100}{1080} = 10$$

In Section #5, at bottom:  $\Sigma M = 50(22) + 16.1(17)8.5 = 3500 \text{'}^{\#}$

$$V_c = \frac{3500 \times 12}{11.1} = 3780 \text{'}^{\#}; f_b = \frac{3780}{.191} = 19,800 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{For } 1\frac{1}{4} \text{"} \phi; f_b = \frac{3780}{.242} = 15,700 \text{ psi}$$

Check plane of bracing:

$$\text{In Sect \#8, max. panel shear} = \frac{2}{3} [1080 + 640] = 1150 \text{'}^{\#}; P = 1150 \times \frac{32}{26} = 1410 \text{'}^{\#}$$

$$\text{Tension bracing} = \frac{1410}{1.5 \times .182} = 5000 \text{ psi}$$

$$\text{Lacing: } \frac{L}{R} = \frac{24.75}{.246} = 100; f = \frac{1150}{.242} = 4750 \text{ psi}$$

Check lap detail: Compression occurs in Sect #7 in lap

$$P = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{27900}{3} = 6200 \text{'}^{\#}; \frac{L}{R} = \frac{20.75 - .62}{.153} = 132$$

Use light-gauge standards;  $\frac{W}{T} = 8; Q = 1$

$$\text{Allowable } \frac{P}{A} = \frac{134 \times 10^6}{132^2} = 10,250 \times 1.33 = 13,700; f_c = \frac{6200}{.489} = 12,700$$

$$\text{Tension} = 6200 \times \frac{28.7}{22} = 8090 \text{'}^{\#}; f_t = \frac{8090}{.188 \times 1.75} = 24,500 \approx 24,000$$

Load on tower footing =  $1050 + 200 + 60 + 15400 + 2500 = 19200 \text{'}^{\#}$

$$\text{Use } 2\text{'-}6 \text{"} \times 2\text{'-}6 \text{"} \times 2\text{'-}6 \text{"} \text{ footing Soil Pressure} = \frac{19200}{6.25} = 3070 \text{'}^{\#}/\text{ft}^2$$

$$\text{Allowable for medium clay} = 2300 \times 1.33 = 3100 \text{'}^{\#}/\text{ft}^2$$

Tripod footing: Critical tripod leg  $H_{XB} = 3490 \text{'}^{\#}; V_{XB} = 9660 \text{'}^{\#}$

Use 3'-6" x 3'-6" x 5'-6" deep footing D.L. of concrete =  $10,100 \text{'}^{\#}$

$$\text{Frictional resistance} = 4 \times 3.5 \times 5.5 \times 500 = 37,500 \text{'}^{\#} \text{ (Use } \frac{1}{2} \text{ DL as max)}$$

$$1.5 \text{ DL} > 1.5 (9660)$$

Frictional resistance to sliding will alone resist horiz. component

Check tripod leg connection to tower  $P = 10300 \text{'}^{\#}$

$$\text{In leg, } \frac{P}{A} = \frac{10300}{.247 \times 1.91} = 24,700 < 26,600$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \text{"} \phi \text{ bolt } D.S. = 8.84 \times 1.33 = 11.8 \text{ k}; \text{B'rg in } \frac{1}{2} \text{"} \text{ plate} = 9.0 \times 1.33 = 12 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{Weld req'd} = \frac{10300}{600 \times \frac{4}{3}} = 13 \text{"} \text{ Use } 13 \text{"} \text{ of } \frac{1}{8} \text{"} \text{ fillet weld}$$

Check #6 re-bar :  $f_s = \frac{19399}{.44} = 23400 < 26600$

check details of HZR (Rotating Model) :

Base Tripod load will have distributed itself over all three legs at base.

$$f_s = 5520 \times 14 = 77400 \text{ " } f_b = \frac{77400}{4.16} = 18600 \text{ psi}$$

Rotating ring. (Must span between bearings)

$$\text{Max. tripod leg, } V_{\text{leg}} = 9660 \text{ " } M = \frac{9660(10.62)}{4} = 25700 \text{ " }^2$$

$$f_b = \frac{25700}{.13} = 22800 \text{ psi } < 26,600$$

Tower ring: (Must span between legs) (Use continuous span coeff'ts)

$$M = .209(9660)24.75 = 49700 \text{ " }^2, f_b = \frac{49700}{1.89} = 26400 < 26,600$$